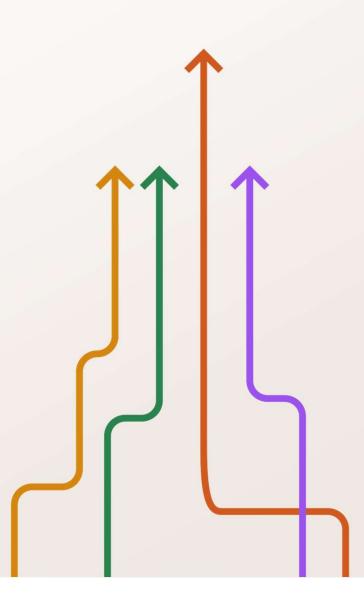


Third quarter 2024 earnings presentation

November 7, 2024



Cautionary statement regarding forward-looking statements

This presentation includes forward-looking statements that reflect our current views with respect to future events and financial performance. Such statements are provided under the "safe harbor" protection of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements include all statements that do not relate solely to historical or current facts, and can generally be identified by words or phrases written in the future tense and/or preceded by words such as "should," "may," "anticipates," "intends," "plans," "seeks," "believes," "estimates," "expects," "would," "potentially," "will," "continues," assumes," or similar words or variations thereof, or the negative thereof, references to future periods, or by the inclusion of forecasts or projections, but these terms are not the exclusive means of identifying such statements. Examples of forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements we make regarding our outlook, financial guidance, the benefits of our healthcare commercial intelligence solutions, our overall future prospects, our competitive position, customer behaviors and use of our solutions, the market, industry and macroeconomic environment, our plans to improve our operational and financial performance, including the expected benefits of these plans, our business, growth strategies, go-to-market and product development efforts and future expenses, our market opportunity, customer provident, and active our financial goals.

Forward-looking statements in this press release are based on our current expectations and assumptions regarding our business, the economy and other future conditions. Because forward-looking statements relate to the future, by their nature, they are subject to inherent uncertainties, risks and changes in circumstances that are difficult to predict. As a result, our actual results may differ materially from those contemplated by the forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements include the following: our inability to realize expected business or financial benefits from acquisitions and the risk that our acquisitions or investments could prove difficult to integrate, disrupt our business, dilute stockholder value and adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations, our inability to achieve the anticipated cost savings, operating efficiencies or other benefits of our internal restructuring activities, global geopolitical tension and difficult macroeconomic conditions; actual or potential changes in international, national, regional and local economic, business and financial conditions, including recessions, inflation, interest rates, volatility in the capital markets and related market uncertainty; the impact of difficult macroeconomic conditions on our new and existing customers; our inability to acquire new customers and generate additional revenue from existing customers; our inability to generate sales of subscriptions to our platform or any decline in demand for our platform and the data we offer; the competitiveness of the market in which we operate and our ability to compete effectively; the failure to maintain and improve our platform, or develop new modules or insights for healthcare commercial intelligence; the inability to obtain and maintain accurate, comprehensive or reliable data, which could result in reduced demand for our platform: the risk that our recent growth rates may not be indicative of our future growth; the inability to achieve or sustain GAAP or non-GAAP profitability in the future as we increase investments in our business; the loss of our access to our data providers; the failure to respond to advances in healthcare commercial intelligence: an inability to attract new customers and expand subscriptions of current customers; our ability to successfully transition executive leadership, the risk of cyber-attacks and security vulnerabilities; litigation, investigations or other legal, governmental or regulatory actions; the possibility that our security measures are breached or unauthorized access to data is otherwise obtained: the risk that additional material weaknesses or significant deficiencies that will occur in the future: and the risks of being required to collecting sales or other related taxes for subscriptions to our platform in jurisdictions where we have not historically done so.

Additional factors or events that could cause our actual performance to differ from these forward-looking statements may emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for us to predict all of them. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should any of our assumptions prove incorrect, our actual financial condition, results of operations, future performance and business may vary in material respects from the performance projected in these forward-looking statements.

For additional discussion of factors that could impact our operational and financial results, refer to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, as well as our Current Reports on Form 8-K and other subsequent SEC filings, which are or will be available on the Investor Relations page of our website at ir.definitivehc.com and on the SEC website at www.sec.gov.

All information in this presentation speaks only as of September 30, 2024 unless otherwise indicated. We undertake no obligation to publicly update this information, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise, except as may be required by law.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The historical financial information in this presentation includes information that is not presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("GAAP"), such as Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted Gross Profit, Adjusted Gross Margin, non-GAAP Sales and Marketing expense, non-GAAP Product Development expense, non-GAAP General and Administrative expense, Adjusted EBITDA Margin, Adjusted Operating Income, Adjusted He Income, Unlevered Free Cash Flow and Unlevered Free Cash Flow Margin. These are supplemental financial measures of our performance and should not be considered substitutes for net (loss) income, gross profit or any other measure derived in accordance with GAAP. Non-GAAP measures in this presentation may be calculated in ways that are not comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies. Our presentation of these non-GAAP financial measures are intended as supplemental measures of our performance that are not required by, or presented in accordance with, GAAP. We believe that these supplemental non-GAAP financial measures are evaluation of the Company with a focus on the performance of its core operations, including providing meaningful comparisons of financial results to historical periods and to the financial results of peer and competitor companies.

We do not provide a quantitative reconciliation of the forward-looking non-GAAP financial measures included in this presentation to the most directly comparable GAAP measures due to the high variability and difficulty to predict certain items excluded from these non-GAAP financial measures; in particular, the effects of stock-based compensation expense, taxes and amounts under the exchange tax receivable agreement, deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities, goodwill impairments and restructuring, integration and transaction expenses. We expect the variability of these excluded items may have a significant, and potentially unpredictable, impact on our future GAAP financial results. In evaluating our non-GAAP financial measures, you should be aware that in the future we may incur expenses similar to those eliminated in these presentations. See the Appendix to this presentation for a reconciliation of each non-GAAP financial measure to its most directly comparable financial measure stated in accordance with GAAP.

References in this presentation to profitability are on an Adjusted EBITDA basis.





Q3 2024 Performance Highlights



"Our financial performance this quarter exceeded the high end of our guidance on both revenue and profitability. We experienced an improvement in expansion sales compared to Q2 and were pleased to welcome back several former customers. While it's still early, we view these dynamics as promising indicators of momentum ahead."

- KEVIN COOP, Chief Executive Officer



"In Q3, we were pleased to deliver revenue and adjusted EBITDA above the high end of our guided range. We remain focused on what we can control and continue to advance our efforts to operate more efficiently while delivering innovation for clients. Both of these efforts are expected to position us well as the market recovers."

— RICK BOOTH, Chief Financial Officer

(4%) Revenue Decline YoY

530 Enterprise Customers¹ +1 YoY

(40 bps) aEBITDA margin contraction YoY 33% aEBITDA margin

\$85.2 million TTM uFCF 105% conversion of aEBITDA



¹ Enterprise customers are defined as those with more than \$100k in annual recurring revenue

Q3 2024 Results

(P&L on non-GAAP basis)

- Q3 Performance above high end of Q3 guided ranges
- Maintained consistent adjusted EBITDA margin on down revenue as result of tight spend controls and savings from RiF done in early Q1'24

\$ MILLIONS, except per share amounts	Q3'24	Q3'23	YoY Change
Total Revenue	\$62.7	\$65.3	(4%)
Adjusted Gross Profit	51.7	56.0	(8%)
Adjusted Gross Profit margin	82%	86%	(329 bps)
Non-GAAP Sales and Marketing	19.3	20.0	(3%)
Non-GAAP Product Development	6.1	7.5	(19%)
Non-GAAP General and Administrative	6.7	7.7	(13%)
Total Non-GAAP Expense	32.1	35.2	(9%)
Adjusted Operating Income	19.0	20.4	(7%)
Adjusted Operating Income margin	30%	31%	(84 bps)
Adjusted EBITDA	20.6	21.7	(5%)
Adjusted EBITDA margin	33%	33%	(40 bps)
			,
Adjusted Net Income	15.4	14.6	6%
Adjusted EPS	\$0.10	\$0.09	5%

Non-GAAP measure. See Appendix for a reconciliation of the non-GAAP measure to the most directly comparable financial measure stated in accordance with GAAP.

Revenue Mix Subscription, (3%) YoY Professional Services, (35%) YoY

(5%) YoY aEBITDA decline \$21M aEBITDA in Q3'24

33%

aEBITDA margin (40 bps) aEBITDA margin contraction YoY



5

Q3 2024 Cash Flow and Balance Sheet Highlights

- Strong uFCF generation of \$24.3M, +37% YoY
- cRPO down 4% YoY, including ~(1pt) of impact from opt-out clauses

\$ millions	Q3'24	Q3'23	YoY Change
Cash Flow from Operations	\$19.4	\$9.5	105%
Unlevered Free Cash Flow ¹	\$24.3	\$17.7	37%

\$ millions	Sept. 30, 2024	Sept. 30, 2023	YoY Change
Cash, cash equivalents & short-term investments ²	\$305.4	\$307.0	(1%)
Total debt outstanding ³	\$247.5	\$260.7	(5%)
Net leverage ratio ⁴	<0x	<0x	
Current remaining performance obligations	\$163.7	\$170.8	(4%)
Total remaining performance obligations	\$244.9	\$253.2	(3%)
Deferred revenue	\$86.2	\$89.8	(4%)

¹ Non-GAAP measure. See Appendix for a reconciliation of the non-GAAP measure to the most directly comparable financial measure stated in accordance with GAAP

² Total cash and investments was comprised of \$137.6M in cash and cash equivalents and \$167.8M of short-term investments.

³ As of September 30, 2024, the Company's \$250.9M of debt was comprised of \$125.5M at a fixed rate of 3.8%, and \$125.5M at a floating rate based on SOFR Term equal to 7.0%. Overall rate is 5.4%. Guidance incorporates forward yield curve expectations.

⁴ The net leverage ratio is defined as total outstanding debt less cash and short-term investments divided by TTM Adjusted EBITDA.

⁵ Share buyback authorization includes \$5M from the May 2024 program, in addition to \$100M new authorization approved on November 1, 2024

\$85.2 million

TTM uFCF, +58% growth YoY

105%

TTM conversion of aEBITDA to uFCF

\$105 million Share buyback authorization remaining 5



→ Guidance



Q4 and FY 2024 Guidance

(as of November 7, 2024)

\$ MILLIONS, except percentages and per share info	Fourth Quarter 2024	Full Year 2024
Revenue	\$60.0 - 61.0	\$250.0 - 251.0
% change YoY	(9%) - (7%)	(1%) - flat
Adjusted Operating Income	\$14.0 - 15.0	\$71.0 - 72.0
% of revenue	23 - 25%	28 - 29%
Adjusted EBITDA	\$16.0 - 17.0	\$77.5 – 78.5
% of revenue	26 - 28%	~31%
Adjusted Net Income	\$10.5 - 11.5	\$53.0 - 54.0
Adjusted EPS	~\$0.07 ¹	\$0.34 - 0.35 ²

- Our updated full year guidance reflects a tightened range on revenue, maintaining the high end of our prior range.
- Revenue in Q4 is expected to decline sequentially, reflecting our year-to-date bookings performance and renewal rates.
- We continue to expect to expand our full year aEBITDA margin YoY.



→ Appendix

Non-GAAP reconciliations & basis of presentation



Q3 Performance and Guidance

\$ MILLIONS, except percentages and per share info	Third Quarter 2024	Guidance Range	_
Revenue	\$62.7	\$61.0 - 62.5	 Q3 results were above the
% growth YoY	(4%)	(7%) - (4%)	
Adjusted Operating Income	\$19.0	\$16.0 - 17.5	 Revenue decline decline in subscri
% of revenue	30%	26 - 28%	substantial decline
Adjusted EBITDA	\$20.6	\$17.5 - 19.0	~(35%) from Q3 2
% of revenue	33%	28 - 31%	
Adjusted Net Income	\$15.4	\$12.0 - 13.0	 Tight spending co revenue drove an
			EBITDA
Adjusted EPS	\$0.10	\$0.07 - 0.08	

Q3 results were above the high end of the guided range

Revenue decline of (4%) was driven by low single-digit decline in subscription revenue, and a more substantial decline in professional services, down ~(35%) from Q3 2023

 Tight spending controls combined with the beat on revenue drove an out-performance in adjusted EBITDA



Key Shareholder Statistics

Key shareholder statistics as of 9/30/2024	<u>Public Shares</u> (Class A)	<u>Minority Interest</u> (Class B)	<u>Combined</u>
Sponsor ownership (as-if converted)	63,935,333	13,843,158	77,778,491
Management, Directors & employees	271,919	25,550,249	25,822,168
Float	51,236,543		51,236,543
Vested (as-if converted)	115,443,795	39,393,407	154,837,202
% Controlling vs NCI	74.6%	25.4%	100%
Float as %	44.4%		33.1%
Management, Directors & employees	0.2%	64.9%	16.7%
Sponsor ownership (as-if converted)	55.4%	35.1%	50.2%
	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Comments

- 27K Class B shares were exchanged into Class A public shares in the quarter
- 0.2M Class A shares issued from RSU vesting in the quarter
- As of September 30, 2024, 3.1M Class A shares repurchased for \$15M under \$20M share buyback program
- Minority interest increased slightly to 25.4% at September 30, 2024 from 25.2% at December 31, 2023
- Effective non-GAAP tax rate is unchanged at 19.5% from year-end or Q2 (75.0% vested Pubco shares x 26% tax rate)¹
- As of September 30, 2024, there were 9.1M unvested Class A RSUs and 67K unvested Class B MIUs



Non-GAAP Financial Measures

We define Unlevered Free Cash Flow as net cash provided by (used in) operating activities less purchases of property, equipment and other assets, plus cash interest expense, and cash payments related to transaction, integration, and restructuring related expenses, earnouts, and other non-core items. Unlevered Free Cash Flow does not represent residual cash flow available for discretionary expenditures since, among other things, we have mandatory debt service requirements.

We define EBITDA as earnings before debt-related costs, including interest expense, net and loss on extinguishment of debt, income taxes and depreciation and amortization. Adjusted EBITDA is defined as EBITDA adjusted to exclude certain items of a significant or unusual nature, including other income and expense, equity-based compensation, goodwill impairments, transaction, integration, and restructuring expenses and other non-core expenses. Adjusted EBITDA Margin is defined as Adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of revenue. Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin are key metrics used by management and our board of directors to assess the profitability of our operations. We believe that Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin provide useful measures to investors to assess our operating performance because these metrics eliminate non-core and unusual items and non-core heapenses, which we do not consider indicative of ongoing operational performance. We believe that these metrics are helpful to investors in measuring the profitability of our operations on a consolidated level.

We define Adjusted Gross Profit as revenue less cost of revenue (excluding acquisition-related depreciation and amortization and equity compensation costs) and Adjusted Gross Margin means Adjusted Gross Profit as a percentage of revenue. Adjusted Gross Profit differs from gross profit, in that gross profit includes acquisition-related depreciation and amortization expense and equity compensation costs. Adjusted Gross Profit and Adjusted Gross Margin are key metrics used by management and our board of directors to assess our operations. We exclude acquisition-related depreciation and amortization expenses as they have no direct correlation to the cost of operating our business on an ongoing basis. A small portion of equity-based compensation is included in cost of revenue in accordance with GAAP but is excluded from our Adjusted Gross Profit calculations due to its non-cash nature.

We define non-GAAP Sales and Marketing expense as GAAP Sales and Marketing expense less equity-compensation costs and non-core and one-time items allocated to Sales and Marketing. We define non-GAAP Product Development expense as GAAP Product Development expense less equity-compensation costs and non-core and one-time items allocated to Product Development. We define non-GAAP General and Administrative as GAAP General and Administrative expense less equity-compensation costs and non-core and one-time items allocated to Product Development. We define non-GAAP General and Administrative as GAAP General and Administrative expense less equity-compensation costs and non-core and one-time items allocated to General and Administrative.

We define Adjusted Operating Income as income (loss) from operations plus acquisition related amortization, equity-based compensation, goodwill impairments, transaction, integration, and restructuring expenses and other noncore expenses.

We define Adjusted Net Income as Adjusted Operating Income less interest expense, net, recurring income tax benefit, foreign currency (loss) gain, and tax effects of adjustments. We define Adjusted Net Income Per Diluted Share as Adjusted Net Income divided by diluted outstanding shares.

Our use of these non-GAAP terms may vary from the use of similar terms by other companies in our industry and accordingly may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies and are not measures of performance calculated in accordance with GAAP. Our presentation of these non-GAAP financial measures are intended as supplemental measures of our performance that are not required by, or presented in accordance with, GAAP. These non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered as alternatives to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities, net cash provided by (used in) operating activities margin, (loss) income from operations, net (loss) income margin, gross profit, gross margin, earnings per share or any other performance measures derived in accordance with GAAP, or as measures of operating cash flows or liquidity.

In evaluating our non-GAAP financial measures, you should be aware that in the future we may incur expenses similar to those eliminated in these presentations.

Reconciliation from GAAP gross profit and margin to adjusted gross profit and margin

related purchase accounting adjustments Equity-based compensation Adjusted Gross Profit GAAP Gross Profit Margin	THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,								
	2024	2023	s	%					
GAAP Gross Profit	\$49,031	\$53, <mark>43</mark> 0	(\$4,399)	(8%)					
Amortization of intangible assets resulting from acquisition- related purchase accounting adjustments	2,573	2,303	270	12%					
Equity-based compensation	88	276	(188)	(68%)					
Adjusted Gross Profit	\$51,692	\$56,009	(\$4,317)	(8%)					
GAAP Gross Profit Margin	78%	82%							
Amortization of intangible assets resulting from acquisition- related purchase accounting adjustments	4%	4%							
Equity-based compensation	0%	0%							
Adjusted Gross Profit Margin	82%	86%							
Revenue	62,697	65,325	(2, <mark>6</mark> 28)	(4%)					

2024	2023	\$	%
\$149,867	\$150,514	(\$647)	(0%)
7,383	<mark>6,907</mark>	476	7%
668	830	(162)	(20%)
\$157,918	\$158,251	(\$333)	0%
<mark>79%</mark>	81%)	
4%	4%		
0%	0%		
83%	85%		
189,914	185,483	4,431	2%



Reconciliation from GAAP to non-GAAP operating expenses

	THREE I	MONTHS END	ED SEPTEMBE	NINEN	NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,					
\$ THOUSANDS	2024	2023	s	%	2024	2023	s	%		
GAAP Sales & Marketing	\$20,130	\$22,804	(\$2,674)	(12%)	\$63, <mark>4</mark> 35	\$70,929	(\$7,494)	<mark>(11%)</mark>		
Equity-based compensation	(829)	(2,728)	\$1,899	(70%)	(4,786)	(8,297)	\$3,511	(42%)		
Other non-core items ¹	-	(101)	\$101	(100%)	(39)	(222)	\$183	(83%)		
Non-GAAP Sales & Marketing	\$19,301	\$19,975	(\$674)	(3%)	\$58,611	\$62,410	(\$3,800)	(6%)		
GAAP Product Development	\$7,282	\$10,759	(\$3,477)	(32%)	\$27,536	\$30,872	(\$3,336)	<mark>(11</mark> %)		
Equity-based compensation	(1,218)	(3,236)	\$2,018	(62%)	(6,928)	(9,566)	\$2,638	(28%)		
Other non-core items 1	7	(19)	\$25	(135%)	(406)	(46)	(\$360)	>100%		
Non-GAAP Product Development	\$6,071	\$7, <mark>505</mark>	<mark>(\$1,434)</mark>	(19%)	\$20,202	\$21,260	(\$1,058)	(5%)		
GAAP General & Administrative	\$11,354	\$14,545	(\$3,191)	(22%)	\$40,764	\$42,29 4	(\$1 <mark>,530)</mark>	(4%)		
Equity-based compensation	(4,161)	(5,754)	\$1,594	(28%)	(18,338)	(16,793)	(\$1,546)	9%		
Other non-core items ¹	(472)	(1,076)	\$604	(56%)	(1,931)	(2,801)	\$870	(31%)		
Non-GAAP General & Administrative	\$6,721	\$7,715	(\$993)	(13%)	\$20,495	\$22,700	(\$2,205)	(10%)		

¹ Other non-core items represent expenses driven by events that are typically by nature one-time, non-operational and unrelated to our core operations. These expenses are comprised of non-core legal and regulatory costs isolated to unique and extraordinary litigation, legal and regulatory matters that are not considered normal and recurring business activity including sales tax accrual charges inclusive of penalties and interest for sales taxes that we may have been required to collect from customers in certain previous years and non-recurring consulting fees and severance costs associated with strategic transition initiatives.



Reconciliation from net loss to adjusted operating income and adjusted net income

	THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,					evenue	NINEN	R 30, % of Revenue				
\$ THOUSANDS	2024	2023	\$	%	2024	2023	2024	2023	S	%	2024	2023
GAAP Net loss	(\$187,824)	(\$2 <mark>4</mark> 8,688)	\$60,864	(24%)	(300%)	(381%)	(\$506,729)	(\$276,265)	(\$230,464)	83%	(267%)	(149%
Interest expense (income), net	7	433	(426)	(98%)	0%	1%	(58)	1,434	(1,492)	>(100%)	(0%)	1%
Income tax benefit	(13,724)	(17,534)	3,810	(22%)	(22%)	(27%)	(36,404)	(19,728)	(16,676)	85%	(19%)	(11%)
Other (income) expense, net	(23,826)	(29,589)	5,763	(19%)	(38%)	(45%)	(68,066)	(25,161)	(42,905)	>100%	(36%)	(14%)
GAAP Operating loss	(\$225,367)	(\$295,378)	\$70,011	-24%	(359%)	(452%)	(\$611,257)	(\$319,720)	(\$291,537)	91%	(322%)	(172%)
Transaction, integration, and restructuring expenses	(1,995)	3,505	(5,500)	>(100%)	(3%)	5%	9,390	9,666	(276)	(3%)	5%	5%
Equity-based compensation	6,296	11,994	(5,698)	(48%)	10%	18%	30,720	35,485	(4,765)	(13%)	16%	19%
Goodwill impairment	228,153	287,400	(59,247)	(21%)	364%	<u>440%</u>	591,794	287,400	304,394	>100%	312%	155%
Other non-core items	465	1,196	(731)	(61%)	1%	2%	2,375	3,072	(697)	(23%)	1%	2%
Amortization of intangible assets acquired through business combinations	11,485	11,666	(181)	(2%)	18%	18%	33,869	34,589	(720)	(2%)	18%	19%
Adjusted Operating Income	\$19,037	\$20,383	(\$1,346)	(7%)	30%	31%	\$56,891	\$50,492	\$6,399	13%	30%	27%
Interest expense (income), net	(7)	(433)	426	(98%)	(0%)	(1%)	58	(1,434)	1,492	>(100%)	0%	(1%)
Recurring income tax (provision) benefit	(119)	355	(474)	>(100%)	(0%)	1%	609	2,549	(1,940)	(76%)	0%	1%
Foreign currency (loss) gain	(357)	(86)	(271)	>100%	(1%)	(0%)	(85)	184	(269)	>(100%)	(0%)	0%
Tax impacts of adjustments to net loss	(3,161)	(5,643)	2,482	(44%)	(5%)	(9%)	(14,883)	(15,747)	864	(5%)	(8%)	(8%)
Adjusted Net Income	\$15, 3 93	\$14,576	\$817	6%	25%	22%	\$42,590	\$36,044	\$6,546	18%	22%	<mark>19%</mark>

Reconciliation from net loss to adjusted EBITDA

	THREE I	ED SEPTEMB	ER 30,	% of Revenue		NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,				% of Revenue		
\$ THOUSANDS	2024	2023	\$	%	2024	2023	2024	2023	\$	%	2024	2023
GAAP Net loss	(\$187,824)	(\$248,688)	\$60,864	(24%)	(300%)	(381%)	(\$506,729)	(\$276,265)	(\$230,464)	83%	(267%)	(149%)
Interest (income) expense, net	7	433	(426)	(98%)	0%	1%	(58)	1,434	(1,492)	>(100%)	(0%)	1%
Income tax provision	(13,724)	(17,534)	3,810	(22%)	(22%)	(27%)	(36,404)	(19 <mark>,</mark> 728)	(16,676)	85%	(19%)	(11%)
Depreciation & amortization	13,063	13,027	36	0%	21%	20%	38,535	38,7 <mark>4</mark> 9	(214)	(1%)	20%	21%
Transaction, integration and restructuring expenses	(1,995)	3,505	(5,500)	>(100%)	(3%)	5%	9,390	9,666	(276)	(3%)	5%	5%
Goodwill impairment	228,153	287,400	(59,247)	(21%)	364%	440%	591,794	287,400	304,394	>100%	312%	155%
Equity-based compensation	6,296	11,994	(5,698)	(48%)	10%	18%	30,720	35,485	(4,765)	(13%)	16%	19%
Other (income) expense, net	(23,826)	(29,589)	5,763	(19%)	(38%)	(45%)	(68,066)	(25,161)	(42,905)	>100%	(36%)	(14%)
Other non-core items	465	1,196	(731)	(61%)	1%	2%	2,375	3,072	(697)	(23%)	1%	2%
Adjusted EBITDA	\$20,615	\$21,744	<mark>(\$1,1</mark> 29)	(5%)	33%	33%	\$61,557	\$54,652	\$6,905	13%	32%	29%
Revenue	62,697	65,325	(2,628)	(4%)			189,914	185,483	4,431	2%		
Adjusted EBITDA margin	33%	33%				.8	32%	29%				



Reconciliation from cash flow from operations to unlevered free cash flow

	THREE N	MONTHS END	ED SEPTEMB	ER 30,	% of R	evenue	NINE N	ONTHS ENDE	D SEPTEMBE	R 30,	30, % of Re	
\$ THOUSANDS	2024	2023	S	%	2024	2023	2024	2023	s	%	2024	2023
Cash Flow from Operations	\$19, <mark>4</mark> 32	\$9, <mark>487</mark>	<mark>\$9,945</mark>	>100%	<mark>31%</mark>	15%	\$50,061	\$36,481	\$13,580	37%	26%	20%
Cash interest expense	3,654	3,681	(\$27)	(1%)	6%	6%	10,886	10,772	\$114	1%	6%	6%
Transaction, integration, and restructuring expenses paid in cash ¹	1,515	3,648	(\$2,133)	(58%)	2%	6%	11,583	9,511	\$2,072	22%	6%	5%
Payment of earnout in cash from operations ¹	-	-	-	0%	0%	0%	602	-	\$602	100%	0%	0%
Other non-core Items ¹	465	1, 1 96	(\$731)	(61%)	1%	2%	2,375	3,072	(\$697)	(23%)	1%	2%
Purchases of property, equipment and other assets	(767)	(305)	(\$462)	>100%	(1%)	(0%)	(1,443)	(2,383)	\$940	(39%)	(1%)	(1%)
Unlevered Free Cash Flow	\$24,299	\$17,707	\$6,592	37%	39%	27%	\$74,064	\$57, <mark>4</mark> 53	\$16,611	29%	39%	31%
Revenue	62,697	65,325	(2,628)	(4%)			189,914	185,483	4,431	2%		
Unlevered Free Cash Flow Margin	39%	27%					39%	31%				



¹ Transaction and integration expenses paid in cash primarily represent legal, accounting, and consulting expenses related to our acquisitions; restructuring expenses paid in cash relate to our restructuring plans announced in the first quarters of 2024 and 2023; non-core items represent expenses driven by events that are typically one-time, non-operational in nature, and unrelated to our core operations.

Reconciliation from cash flow from operations to unlevered free cash flow

	TRAILING TWELVE MONTHS(TTM) ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,				% of Revenue	
\$ THOUSANDS	2024	2023	s	%	2024	2023
Cash Flow from Operations	\$54,770	\$32,261	\$22,509	70%	<mark>21%</mark>	1 <mark>3%</mark>
Cash interest expense	14,570	13,967	\$603	4%	6%	6%
Transaction, integration, and restructuring expenses paid in cash ¹	13,104	10,093	\$3,011	30%	5%	4%
Payment of earnout in cash from operations ¹	602	-	\$602	100%	0%	0%
Other non-core Items ¹	4,178	5,019	(\$841)	(17%)	2%	2%
Purchases of property, equipment and other assets	(2,037)	(7,254)	\$5,217	(72%)	(1%)	(3%)
Unlevered Free Cash Flow	\$85, <mark>1</mark> 87	\$54,086	\$31,101	58%	33%	22%
Revenue	255,846	246,082	9,764	4%		
Unlevered Free Cash Flow Margin	33%	22%				



¹ Transaction and integration expenses paid in cash primarily represent legal, accounting, and consulting expenses related to our acquisitions; restructuring expenses paid in cash relate to our restructuring plans announced in the first quarters of 2024 and 2023; earnout payment represents final settlement of contingent consideration included in cash flow from operations; non-core items represent expenses driven by events that are typically one-time, non-operational in nature, and unrelated to our core operations.

Reconciliations of transaction, integration and restructuring expense and other non-core items

\$ THOUSANDS	THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,		NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,		
	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Merger and acquisition due diligence and transaction costs	\$1,114	\$1,033	\$2,410	\$4,110	
Integration costs	211	474	939	805	
Fair value adjustment for contingent consideration	(3,510)	() ;; ;	(3,240)	-	
Restructuring charges for severance and other separation costs	190	2,141	8,009	4,596	
Office closure and relocation restructuring charges and impairments	÷,	(143)	1,272	155	
Total transaction, integration and restructuring expense	(\$1,995)	\$3,505	\$9,390	\$9,667	

	THREE MONTHS EN	IDED SEPTEMBER 30,	NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,		
\$ THOUSANDS	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Non-core legal and regulatory	\$3 63	\$1,003	(\$1)	\$2,431	
Consulting and severance costs for strategic transition initiatives	3	855	2,218	52	
Other non-core expenses	99	193	158	641	
Total other non-core items	\$465	\$1,196	\$2,375	\$3,072	



Basis of presentation

Enterprise Customers: Customers generating more than \$100,000 in ARR

Annual Recurring Revenue (ARR): Refers to annual recurring revenue as of period end, which is calculated by aggregating annual subscription revenue from committed contractual amounts for all existing customers during that period. ARR may also include, in rare circumstances, existing customers with expired contracts who have provided oral or written commitments to renew.

Net Dollar Retention Rate (NDR): Refers to net dollar retention rate, which we calculate as the percentage of ARR retained from existing customers across a defined period, after accounting for upsell, down-sell, pricing changes and churn. We calculate net dollar retention as beginning ARR for a period, plus (i) expansion ARR (including, but not limited to, upsell and pricing increases), less (ii) churn (including, but not limited to, nonrenewals and contractions), divided by (iii) beginning ARR for a period.

Revenue: GAAP revenue

Organic revenue growth: is calculated as performance as if we had owned an acquired business in the same period a year ago

Adjusted Gross Profit: is calculated as revenue less cost of revenue (excluding acquisition-related depreciation and amortization) and equity based compensation

Gross Profit: is revenue less cost of revenue.

Gross Margin: is calculated as Gross Profit divided by GAAP Revenue

Adjusted Gross Margin: is calculated as Adjusted Gross Profit divided by GAAP Revenue

Non-GAAP Sales and Marketing: is calculated as GAAP Sales and Marketing expense less equitycompensation costs and non-core & one-time items allocated to Sales and Marketing

Non-GAAP Product Development: is calculated as GAAP Product Development expense less equitycompensation costs and non-core & one-time items allocated to Product Development

Non-GAAP General & Administrative: is calculated as GAAP General & Administrative expense less equitycompensation costs and non-core & one-time items allocated to General & Administrative

cRPO: Represents the amount of contracted future revenue that has not yet been recognized, including both deferred revenue and non-cancelable contracted amounts that will be invoiced and recognized as revenue within the next twelve months. cRPO is not necessarily indicative of future revenue growth.

RPO: Represents the amount of contracted future revenue that has not yet been recognized, including both deferred revenue and non-cancelable contracted amounts that will be invoiced and recognized in the future. RPO is not necessarily indicative of future revenue growth.

Goodwill Impairment: Represents a non-cash, pretax, impairment charge of goodwill due to a decline in market capitalization in which the fair value of our single reporting unit was lower than its carrying value.

Adjusted EBITDA: Defined as earnings before debt-related costs, including interest expense, net and loss on extinguishment of debt, income taxes and depreciation and amortization. Adjusted EBITDA is defined as EBITDA adjusted to exclude certain items of a significant or unusual nature, including other income and expense, equitybased compensation, goodwill impairments, transaction, integration and restructuring expenses and other noncore expenses

Adjusted EBITDA Margin: defined as Adjusted EBITDA divided by GAAP Revenue

Adjusted Operating Income: defined as GAAP loss from operations plus acquisition-related amortization, equity-based compensation, goodwill impairments, transaction, integration, and restructuring expenses and other non-core expenses.

Adjusted Net Income: defined as Adjusted Operating Income less interest expense, net recurring income tax benefit, foreign currency (loss) gain, and tax effects of adjustments to arrive at Adjusted Operating Income.

Adjusted EPS: defined as Adjusted Net Income divided by weighted-average diluted shares outstanding

Unlevered Free Cash Flow (uFCF): Defined as net cash provided by (used in) operating activities less purchases of property, equipment and other assets, plus cash interest expense and cash payments related to transaction, integration and restructuring related expenses, earnouts and other non-core items. Unlevered Free Cash Flow does not represent residual cash flow available for discretionary expenditures since, among other things, we have mandatory debt service requirements

Unlevered Free Cash Flow Margin: is calculated as Unlevered Free Cash Flow divided by GAAP Revenue

Financial Audits: Core metrics and historical financials shown throughout the presentation should be considered unaudited

Rounding: In some instances, rounding has occurred throughout the presentation

